

Ottawa of a National Centre for the Performing Arts and of an annual National Festival, first performance to be in 1967. *Dec. 26*, Marlene Stewart Streit, golfer, selected Canada's outstanding woman athlete of 1963 in Canadian Press poll. *Dec. 30*, Death of Dr. Florence Dunlop, Ottawa, widely known educator. *Dec. 31*, Southern Rhodesia, Northern Rhodesia and Nyasaland, comprising the Central African Federation, reverted to independent status. U.S. President Johnson vetoed Bill requiring lumber imports to be marked with country of origin, a Bill to which Canada was opposed. Nuclear warheads for Bomarc missiles arrived at RCAF base near North Bay.

1964

January: *Jan. 1*, Roy Thomson, Toronto-born publisher, elevated to the British peerage. Governor General Vanier promoted from Major General to full General in recognition of a long and distinguished military and diplomatic career. New Electoral Act in effect in Quebec; minimum age for voting in provincial elections reduced to 18 years. *Jan. 4-6*, Pope Paul VI on pilgrimage to the Holy Land. *Jan. 7*, Hearings of Quebec and Newfoundland divorce petitions, formerly presented as private Bills and requiring approval of both Houses of Parliament, begun by newly appointed Senate Divorce Commissioner, Senator A. A. M. Walsh. Britain granted internal self-government to the Bahamas, one of its oldest colonies. *Jan. 8*, Announcement of federal grants of \$2,500,000 to each of eight provinces for construction of cultural centres similar to those being built in Charlottetown and Quebec City. Hon. Roger Brossard of Montreal Superior Court appointed one-man Royal Commission by the Quebec Government to investigate circumstances surrounding the trial and execution of Wilbert Coffin in 1956; the Federal Government announced its co-operation in the inquiry *Jan. 30*. *Jan. 10*, Panama severed diplomatic relations with the United States following uprising resulting from long-standing bitterness over sovereignty of the Canal Zone. *Jan. 13*, Canadian and U.S. negotiators reached agreement on Columbia River hydro and flood-control project. *Jan. 15*, Prime Minister Pearson arrived in France for the first official visit of a Canadian Prime Minister to that country. Death of Senator Gordon Peter Campbell of Toronto. *Jan. 17*, Official opening of Winnipeg International Airport terminal building. *Jan. 18*, In Canadian figure-skating championship competitions, Petra Burka of Toronto won the women's senior singles title; Dr. Charles Snelling of Welland, Ont., won the men's singles title; and Debbi Wilkes and Guy Revell of Unionville, Ont., retained the senior pairs title. *Jan. 20-24*, The first federal-provincial ministerial conference held at Ottawa to discuss Canadian fisheries. *Jan. 21*, At 17-nation disarmament conference in Geneva, U.S. President Johnson proposed that the number and characteristics of strategic vehicles to carry nuclear weapons be limited through negotiation. Prime Minister Pearson in Washington for formal talks on trade with President Johnson. *Jan. 22*, Exchange of Notes signed by Canada and the U.S. to implement the Columbia River Treaty signed *Jan. 17*, 1961. Canada and the U.S. to establish a jointly financed commission, with representation from New Brunswick, to develop and administer the estate of former U.S. President Franklin D. Roosevelt on Campobello Island as an International Park. *Jan. 24*, Report of Quebec Royal Commission to inquire into the sale and production of school textbooks revealed widespread conflict of interest, anarchy of prices and restraint-of-trade practices. Canada Hall, part of residential complex at the University of West Indies, Trinidad, to which the Canadian Government contributed under the Commonwealth Caribbean Assistance Program, officially opened. *Jan. 25*, John Keiller

Mackay, former Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, appointed Chancellor of the University of Windsor. *Jan. 28*, Canadian application for 1968 Winter Olympic Games to be held at Banff, Alta., defeated by application of Grenoble, France. *Jan. 29*, Official opening of Winter Olympic Games at Innsbruck, Austria; gold medal for four-man bobsled competition won by Canadian team headed by Vic Emery of Montreal; bronze medal for pairs figure skating won by Debbi Wilkes and Guy Revell of Unionville, Ont.; and bronze medal for ladies' singles figure skating won by Petra Burka of Toronto. *Jan. 30*, Canada accorded diplomatic recognition to (the People's Republic of) Mongolia. Les Fusiliers Mount Royal Armoury, Montreal, robbed of weapons and ammunition by a group identifying itself as the Comité révolutionnaire du Québec.

February: *Feb. 1*, Arnold D. P. Heeney, Canadian Chairman of the International Joint Commission, awarded the Vanier Medal in tribute to 26 years of outstanding federal public service. Railway workers and companies signed new three-year contract awarding wage increases to 9,600 engineers, conductors, yardmen, etc. *Feb. 2-5*, Annual convention of the Progressive-Conservative Party held in Ottawa; Mr. Diefenbaker retained leadership. *Feb. 9-11*, Prime Minister Douglas-Home of Britain and Foreign Secretary R. A. Butler in Ottawa for talks with Prime Minister Pearson. *Feb. 10*, Mrs. Roy MacGregor Watt, Ottawa, Chairman of the annual Canadian Playwriting Competition, honoured in the White House, Washington, for her encouragement of playwriting. *Feb. 10-14*, The first Canadian toy fair held in England was an outstanding success. *Feb. 11*, Expulsion of 18 members of the Canadian Jesuit Mission in Haiti announced by External Affairs Minister Martin; Canada rejected allegations by Haitian Government that Jesuits' activities were of a subversive nature. *Feb. 13*, Federal approval of Master Plan for 1967 World Exhibition at Montreal. First C. D. Howe Memorial Fellowships (Foundation set up Sept. 26, 1963) awarded to Dr. Jacques Brazeau, Montreal; Dr. R. M. Chisholm, Kingston; Dr. G. R. Cook, Toronto; and Dr. D. C. Savage, Montreal. Canada invited by Tanganyika to undertake a resources survey in that country. *Feb. 14*, Death of Senator James Gray Turgeon of Vancouver. New oceanographic research vessel *Hudson* commissioned in Halifax. *Feb. 17*, Britain and Cyprus appealed to UN Security Council for aid in suppressing feud between Greek and Turkish Cypriots. *Feb. 18*, Second Session of 26th Parliament opened. Confederation Square site of Centre for the Performing Arts in Ottawa approved, subject to land availability; G. Hamilton Southam named co-ordinator. *Feb. 20*, A third Quebec armoury—in Shawinigan—raided and equipment stolen; inquiry commission appointed by Defence Minister Hellyer. *Feb. 21*, Quebec Premier Lesage and members of the Quebec Legislature visited Toronto; Mr. Lesage addressed the Ontario Legislature. *Feb. 22*, Trap laid by Canadian police led to arrest of the Mexican Ambassador to Bolivia and others in New York and seizure in Montreal of millions of dollars' worth of smuggled heroin. The Boy Scouts World Bureau opened an amateur radio station at its Ottawa headquarters, linking it with 83 member stations around the world. *Feb. 23*, Canada announced recognition of the new Government of Zanzibar. *Feb. 24*, Basic research grant awarded by the Alfred P. Sloan Foundation of New York to Dr. Charlotte Froese of Vancouver, the first woman scientist to be so honoured. Dr. Yves O. Fortier, Director of the Economic Geology Division of the Geological Survey of Canada, awarded the Royal Canadian Geographical Society's Massey Medal in recognition of his work in focusing attention on the Arctic and its economic possibilities. *Feb. 25*, Heather Quipp of Kingsmere,